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4. Suppose new technologies in factory automation decreases the need for as many factory workers. Describe and illustrate the impact on equilibrium wages and employment in manufacturing industries.

5. Following COVID-19, fewer Americans in the working age population have chosen to participate in the labor force. The labor force participation rate declined from 63.3% in February 2020 to 61.4% in February 2021. Describe and illustrate the impact on wages and employment, both when wages are sticky, and after wages have had time to move to new equilibrium levels. Draw two sets of graphs to illustrate your answer.

6. Suppose the aggregate labor market is initially in equilibrium when consumer confidence falls, leading consumers to want to spend less and save more as a precautionary measure. Describe and illustrate the impact on wages and employment, both when wages are sticky, and after wages have had time to move to new equilibrium levels. Draw two sets of graphs to illustrate your answer.